according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



Freon™ MO49 Plus (R-437A) Refrigerant

 Version
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 SDS Number:
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 7.8
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 1333379-00042
 Date of first issue: 27.02.2017

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Freon™ MO49 Plus (R-437A) Refrigerant

Product code : D13583198

SDS-Identcode : 130000033955

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub- : Refrigerant

stance/Mixture

Recommended restrictions

on use

For professional and industrial installation and use only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Chemours Netherlands B.V.

Baanhoekweg 22

3313 LA Dordrecht Netherlands

Telephone : +31-(0)-78-630-1011

Telefax : +31-78-6163737

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS

: sds-support@chemours.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+(44)-870-8200418 (CHEMTREC - Recommended)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Gases under pressure, Liquefied gas H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if

heated.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms

 \Diamond

Signal word : Warning

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Hazard statements : H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Precautionary statements : Storage:

P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated

place.

Additional Labelling

Contains fluorinated greenhouse gases. (HFC-134a, HFC-125)

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing.

Misuse or intentional inhalation abuse may cause death without warning symptoms, due to cardiac effects.

Rapid evaporation of the product may cause frostbite.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.		(% w/w)
	Index-No.		
	Registration number		
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane*	811-97-2	Press. Gas Liquefied	78.5
	212-377-0	gas; H280	
	01-2119459374-33		
Pentafluoroethane*	354-33-6	Press. Gas Liquefied	19.5
	206-557-8	gas; H280	
	01-2119485636-25		
Butane	106-97-8	Flam. Gas 1A; H220	1.4
	203-448-7	Press. Gas Liquefied	
	601-004-00-0	gas; H280	
		STOT SE 3; H336	
Pentane	109-66-0	Flam. Liq. 2; H225	0.6
	203-692-4	STOT SE 3; H336	
	601-006-00-1	Asp. Tox. 1; H304	
		Aquatic Chronic 2;	
		H411	

^{*} Voluntarily-disclosed non-hazardous substance For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

Protection of first-aiders : No special precautions are necessary for first aid responders.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected

area.

Get medical attention immediately.

In case of eye contact : Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : May cause cardiac arrhythmia.

Other symptoms potentially related to misuse or inhalation

abuse are

Cardiac sensitisation Anaesthetic effects Light-headedness

Dizziness confusion

Lack of coordination

Drowsiness Unconsciousness

Risks : Contact with liquid or refrigerated gas can cause cold burns

and frostbite.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Because of possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, cate-

cholamine drugs, such as epinephrine, that may be used in situations of emergency life support should be used with spe-

cial caution.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Not applicable

Will not burn

Unsuitable extinguishing : Not applicable

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media Will not burn

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting

due to the high vapor pressure.

Hazardous combustion prod- :

ucts

Hydrogen fluoride carbonyl fluoride Carbon oxides Fluorine compounds

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary. Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Avoid skin contact with leaking liquid (danger of frostbite).

Ventilate the area.

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equip-

ment recommendations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Ventilate the area.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Use a backflow

preventative device in piping. Close valve after each use and

when empty.

Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Wear cold insulating gloves/ face shield/ eye protection.

Prevent backflow into the gas tank.

Open the valves slowly to prevent pressure surges.

Close valve after each use and when empty. Do NOT change

or force fit connections.

Prevent the intrusion of water into the gas tank. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Avoid breathing gas.

Valve protection caps and valve outlet threaded plugs must remain in place unless container is secured with valve outlet

piped to use point.

Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent haz-

ardous back flow into the cylinder.

Use a pressure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder

to lower pressure (<3000 psig) piping or systems.

Never attempt to lift cylinder by its cap. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders.

Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contami-

nated clothing before re-use.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Cylinders should be stored upright and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Separate full containers from empty containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Avoid area where salt or other corrosive materials are present. Keep in properly labelled containers. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from direct sunlight. Store in

accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage : Do not store with the following product types:

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides

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> Oxidizing agents Flammable liquids Flammable solids Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit

flammable gases

Explosives

Acutely toxic substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures with chronic toxicity

Storage period : > 10 yr

Recommended storage tem- : < 52 °C

perature

Further information on stor- :

age stability

The product has an indefinite shelf life when stored properly.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
1,1,1,2-	811-97-2	TWA	1,000 ppm	GB EH40
Tetrafluoroethane			4,240 mg/m3	
	Further information: Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.			
Butane	106-97-8	STEL	750 ppm 1,810 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA	600 ppm 1,450 mg/m3	GB EH40
Pentane	109-66-0	TWA	1,000 ppm 3,000 mg/m3	2006/15/EC
	Further information: Indicative			
		TWA	600 ppm	GB EH40
			1,800 mg/m3	
	Further information: Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a			
	figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.			

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
1,1,1,2-	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic	13936 mg/m3

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Tetrafluoroethane			effects	
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	2476 mg/m3
Pentafluoroethane	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	16444 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	1753 mg/m3
Pentane	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	3000 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	432 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	643 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	214 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	214 mg/kg bw/day

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l
	Marine water	0.01 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	1 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.75 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Sewage treatment plant	73 mg/l
Pentafluoroethane	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	1 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.6 mg/kg
Pentane	Fresh water	0.23 mg/l
	Marine water	0.23 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	0.88 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	3.6 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	1.2 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Marine sediment	1.2 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Soil	0.55 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Chemical resistant goggles must be worn.

Face-shield

Equipment should conform to BS EN 166

Hand protection

Material : Low temperature resistant gloves

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Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change

gloves often!

Skin and body protection : Skin should be washed after contact.

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection. Equipment should conform to BS EN 14387

Filter type : Organic gas and low boiling vapour type (AX)

Protective measures : Wear cold insulating gloves/ face shield/ eye protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Liquefied gas

Colour : colourless, clear

Odour : slight, ether-like

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

-32.3 °C

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : Will not burn

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

Upper flammability limit Method: ASTM E681

None.

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

Lower flammability limit Method: ASTM E681

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None.

Vapour pressure : 7,949 hPa (25 °C)

Relative vapour density : 3.7

Relative density : 1.18 (25 °C)

Density : 1.192 g/cm3 (21 °C)

(as liquid)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable if used as directed. Follow precautionary advice and avoid incompatible materials and conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : This substance is not flammable in air at temperatures up to

100 °C (212 °F) at atmospheric pressure. However, mixtures of this substance with high concentrations of air at elevated pressure and/or temperature can become combustible in the presence of an ignition source. This substance can also become combustible in an oxygen enriched environment (oxygen concentrations greater than that in air). Whether a mixture

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containing this substance and air, or this substance in an oxygen enriched atmosphere become combustible depends on the inter-relationship of 1) the temperature 2) the pressure, and 3) the proportion of oxygen in the mixture. In general, this substance should not be allowed to exist with air above atmospheric pressure or at high temperatures; or in an oxygen enriched environment. For example this substance should NOT be mixed with air under pressure for leak testing or other

purposes. Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of : Inhalation

exposure Skin contact Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 567000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas

No observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): 40000 ppm

Test atmosphere: gas

Symptoms: Cardiac sensitisation

Lowest observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): 80000

ppm

Test atmosphere: gas

Symptoms: Cardiac sensitisation

Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit (Dog): 334,000 mg/m3

Test atmosphere: gas

Symptoms: Cardiac sensitisation

Pentafluoroethane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat): > 800000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Butane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 570000 ppm

Exposure time: 15 min Test atmosphere: gas

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Pentane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Pentane:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Pentane:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : No eye irritation

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Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Species : Rat Result : negative

Pentane:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Pentafluoroethane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Butane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

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Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

> cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Pentane:

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Genotoxicity in vitro

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.10.

Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

> cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.12.

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

cinogen

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

ductive toxicity

Pentafluoroethane:

Effects on fertility Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

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Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Butane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Pentane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Butane:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Pentane:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

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tions of 250 ppmV/6h/d or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 50000 ppm LOAEL : > 50000 ppm Application Route : inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 90 d

Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Pentafluoroethane:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 50000 ppm Application Route : inhalation (gas) Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Butane:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 9000 ppm
Application Route : inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 6 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Pentane:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : > 6700 ppm
Application Route : inhalation (gas)
Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Pentane:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 450 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 980 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: ErC50 (algae): 142 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 13.2

ma/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Pentafluoroethane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 450 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.1. Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 980 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.2. Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 114

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 13.2

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Pentane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4.26 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

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Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEC (Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae)):

2.04 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation

1272/2008, Annex VI

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Pentafluoroethane:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Butane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Pentane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 87 % Exposure time: 28 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 1.06

Pentafluoroethane:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Pow: 1.48 (25 °C)

Butane:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 2.89

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Pentane:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.45

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This mixture contains no substance considered to be persis-

tent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).. This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent and very bio-

accumulating (vPvB)..

12.6 Other adverse effects

Global warming potential

Regulation (EU) No 517/2014 on fluorinated greenhouse gases

Product:

100-year global warming potential: 1,805

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes

are not product specific, but application specific.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in

discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADN : UN 1078
ADR : UN 1078
RID : UN 1078
IMDG : UN 1078
IATA : UN 1078

14.2 UN proper shipping name

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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ADN : REFRIGERANT GAS, N.O.S.

(1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, Pentafluoroethane)

ADR : REFRIGERANT GAS, N.O.S.

(1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, Pentafluoroethane)

RID : REFRIGERANT GAS, N.O.S.

(1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, Pentafluoroethane)

IMDG : REFRIGERANT GAS, N.O.S.

(1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, Pentafluoroethane)

IATA : Refrigerant gas, n.o.s.

(1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, Pentafluoroethane)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN : 2
ADR : 2
RID : 2
IMDG : 2.2
IATA : 2.2

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : 2A Hazard Identification Number : 20 Labels : 2.2

ADR

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : 2A
Hazard Identification Number : 20
Labels : 2.2
Tunnel restriction code : (C/E)

RID

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : 2A
Hazard Identification Number : 20
Labels : 2.2 ((13))

IMDG

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.2 EmS Code : F-C, S-V

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 200

aircraft)

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation Labels : Non-flammable, non-toxic Gas

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen: 200

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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ger aircraft)

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation
Labels : Non-flammable, non-toxic Gas

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : no

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : no

RID

Environmentally hazardous : no

IMDG

Marine pollutant : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances.

preparations and articles (Annex XVII)

: Not applicable

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

Not applicable

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-

plete the ozone layer

: Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollu-

tants (recast)

Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import

of dangerous chemicals

: Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Not applicable

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : Freon™ and any associated logos are trademarks or copy-

rights of The Chemours Company FC, LLC.

Chemours™ and the Chemours Logo are trademarks of The

Chemours Company.

Before use read Chemours safety information.

For further information contact the local Chemours office or

nominated distributors.

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical

lines.

Full text of H-Statements

H220 : Extremely flammable gas.

H225 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H280 : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard
Flam. Gas : Flammable gases
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids
Press. Gas : Gases under pressure

STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure 2006/15/EC : Europe. Indicative occupational exposure limit values

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

2006/15/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Mari

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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time Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Classification of the mixture:

Classification procedure:

Press. Gas Liquefied gas H280 Based on product data or assessment

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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