**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

### 1.1. Product identifier

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product name</th>
<th>Freon™ 134a Refrigerant - Propellant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Registration number</td>
<td>01-2119459374-33-0002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Synonyms</td>
<td>1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane HFC-134a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Identification number</td>
<td>CAS-No. 811-97-2 EC-No. 212-377-0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Use of the Substance/Mixture**: Refrigerant, For professional and industrial installation and use only.

**Company**: Chemours Netherlands B.V.

- Baanhoekweg 22
- NL-3313 LA Dordrecht
- Netherlands

- Telephone: +31-(0)-78-630-1011
- Telefax: +31-78-6163737
- E-mail address: sds-support@chemours.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone number**: +44-(44)-870-8200418 (CHEMTREC - Recommended)

---

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

- **Gases under pressure, Liquefied gas**: H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

### 2.2. Label elements
Freon™ 134a Refrigerant - Propellant

Warning

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Special labelling of certain substances and mixtures
Contains: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane / Kyoto: Contains fluorinated greenhouse gas covered by the Kyoto Protocol, HFC-134a,
P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).
This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing.
Rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite.
Misuse or intentional inhalation abuse may cause death without warning symptoms, due to cardiac effects.
May cause cardiac arrhythmia.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Registration number</th>
<th>Classification according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP)</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01-2119459374-33-0002</td>
<td>Press. Gas Liquefied gas; H280</td>
<td>100 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

The above products are compliant to REACH registration obligations; Registration number(s) may not be provided because substance(s) are exempted, not yet registered under REACH or are registered under another regulatory process (biocide uses, plant protection products), etc.
### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General advice**: If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

: First aider needs to protect himself.

: If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Inhalation**: Remove from exposure, lie down. Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Consult a physician.

**Skin contact**: Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Flush area with lukewarm water. Do not use hot water. If frostbite has occurred, call a physician.

**Eye contact**: Hold eyelids apart and flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Ingestion**: Is not considered a potential route of exposure.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms**: Inhalation of high concentration may cause central nervous system depression resulting in dizziness, weakness, nausea, headache and possibly unconsciousness., Anaesthetic effects, Light-headedness, Confusion, Incoordination, Drowsiness, irregular heartbeat with a strange sensation in the chest, heart thumping, apprehension, feeling of fainting, dizziness or weakness

: Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms:, Frostbite

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Treatment**: Do not give adrenaline or similar drugs.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media**: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment., Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Specific hazards during firefighting:
- Pressure build-up. Fire or intense heat may cause violent rupture of packages.
- Hazardous combustion products:
  - Hydrogen fluoride
  - Fluorinated compounds
  - Carbon oxides
- Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment. Wear neoprene gloves during cleaning up work after a fire. Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment. Wear neoprene gloves during cleaning up work after a fire.

Further information:
- Cool containers/tanks with water spray.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions:
- Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed places where heavy vapours might collect. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions:
- Should not be released into the environment.
- In accordance with local and national regulations.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up:
- Evaporates.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For disposal instructions see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling:
- Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. For personal protection see section
8. Advice on protection against fire and explosion:

The product is not flammable in air under ambient conditions of temperature and pressure. When pressurised with air or oxygen, the mixture may become flammable. Certain mixtures of HCFCs or HFCs with chlorine may become flammable or reactive under certain conditions.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Requirements for storage areas and containers:

- Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders. Never attempt to lift cylinder by its cap. Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent hazardous back flow into the cylinder. Keep at temperature not exceeding 52°C. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from contamination. Protect cylinders from damage. Keep away from direct sunlight. Store only in approved containers.

Advice on common storage:

- No materials to be especially mentioned. For further information see Section 10 of the safety data sheet.

Storage temperature:

< 52 °C

7.3. Specific end use(s):

no data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters:

If sub-section is empty then no values are applicable.

Components with workplace control parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Application (Use)</th>
<th>Form of exposure</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Regulatory basis</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (CAS-No. 811-97-2)</td>
<td>Time Weighted Average (TWA): 4,240 mg/m3 1,000 ppm</td>
<td>2007</td>
<td>UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL):

- 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: Type of Application (Use): Workers
  Exposure routes: Inhalation
  Health Effect: Chronic effects, Systemic toxicity
  Value: 13936 mg/m3

  Type of Application (Use): Consumers
  Exposure routes: Inhalation
Health Effect: Chronic effects, Systemic toxicity  
Value: 2476 mg/m³

**Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

- **1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane**:  
  Value: 0.1 mg/l  
  Compartment: Fresh water
- **1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane**:  
  Value: 0.01 mg/l  
  Compartment: Marine water
- **1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane**:  
  Value: 1 mg/l  
  Compartment: Water  
  Remarks: Intermittent use/release
- **1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane**:  
  Value: 0.75 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)  
  Compartment: Fresh water sediment
- **1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane**:  
  Value: 73 mg/l  
  Compartment: Water  
  Remarks: Sewage treatment plants

**8.2. Exposure controls**

**Engineering measures**: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

**Eye protection**: Wear safety glasses or coverall chemical splash goggles. Eye protection complying with EN 166. or ANSI Z87.1 Additionally wear a face shield where the possibility exists for face contact due to splashing, spraying or airborne contact with this material.

**Hand protection**: Material: Leather gloves  
The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.
- Material: Low temperature resistant gloves
- Protective gloves complying with EN 374. or US OSHA guidelines
- The choice of an appropriate glove does not only depend on its material but also on other quality features and is different from one producer to the other. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

**Skin and body protection**: Wear suitable protective equipment. Wear as appropriate: Impervious clothing
SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 and 453/2010

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Protective measures: When using do not smoke. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is required if a large release occurs.

The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the substance at the specific workplace.

Hygiene measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Respiratory protection: For rescue and maintenance work in storage tanks use self-contained breathing apparatus. Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing.

Respiratory protection complying with EN 137.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form: Liquefied gas
Colour: colourless
Odour: slight, ether-like
Freezing point: -108 °C at 1,013 hPa
Boiling point: -26 °C at 1,013 hPa
Flammability (solid, gas): The product is not flammable.
Auto-ignition temperature: 743 °C at 1,013 hPa
Oxidizing properties: The product is not oxidizing.
Vapour pressure: 5,700 hPa at 20 °C
Relative density: 4.24 at 20 °C
Water solubility: 1 g/l at 25 °C
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Pow: 1.06 at 25 °C

9.2. Other information

Phys.-chem./other information: No other data to be specially mentioned.
**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1. Reactivity : Decomposes on heating.

10.2. Chemical stability : The product is chemically stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.4. Conditions to avoid : The product is not flammable in air under ambient conditions of temperature and pressure. When pressurised with air or oxygen, the mixture may become flammable. Certain mixtures of HCFCs or HFCs with chlorine may become flammable or reactive under certain conditions. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Keep at temperature not exceeding 52°C.

10.5. Incompatible materials : Alkali metals
Alkaline earth metals
Powdered metals
Powdered metal salts

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products : Hazardous thermal decomposition products may include:
- Hydrogen fluoride
- Carbon oxides
- Fluorocarbons
- Carbonyl fluoride

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute inhalation toxicity

- 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
  LC50 / 4 h Rat : > 567000 ppm

  No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration / Dog :40000 ppm
  Cardiac sensitization

  Low Observed Adverse Effect Concentration (LOAEC) / Dog :80000 ppm
  Cardiac sensitization

Skin irritation

- 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
  Rabbit
  Classification: Not classified as irritant
  Result: No skin irritation

Eye irritation
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- **1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane**  
  Rabbit  
  Classification: Not classified as irritant  
  Result: No eye irritation

**Sensitisation**

- **1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane**  
  Guinea pig  
  Classification: Does not cause skin sensitisation.  
  Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

  Rat  
  Classification: Does not cause respiratory sensitisation.  
  Result: Does not cause respiratory sensitisation.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

- **1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane**  
  Inhalation Rat  
  No toxicologically significant effects were found.

**Mutagenicity assessment**

- **1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane**  
  Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects. Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects.

**Carcinogenicity assessment**

- **1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane**  
  Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Overall weight of evidence indicates that the substance is not carcinogenic.

**Toxicity to reproduction assessment**

- **1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane**  
  No toxicity to reproduction. No effects on or via lactation. Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity.

**Assessment teratogenicity**

- **1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane**  
  Animal testing showed no developmental toxicity.

**Further information**

Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit: 312975 mg/m3  
Avoid skin contact with leaking liquid (danger of frostbite). Inhalation of decomposition products in high concentration may cause shortness of breath (lung oedema).
SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity to fish

- 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
  LC50 / 96 h / Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout): 450 mg/l

Toxicity to aquatic plants

- 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
  ErC50 / 96 h / Algae: 142 mg/l
  Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

  NOEC / 72 h / Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae): 13.2 mg/l
  Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

- 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
  EC50 / 48 h / Daphnia magna (Water flea): 980 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability

- 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
  Not biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil

  Koc: 37.26

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). / This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6. Other adverse effects
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#### Ozone depletion potential

0

#### Global warming potential (GWP)

1300

**Additional ecological information**

IPCC - TAR (Third Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change) - 2001

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

**Product**: Can be used after re-conditioning.  
If re-conditioning is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.

**Contaminated packaging**: Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier.  
If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

**ADR**

14.1. UN number: 3159  
14.2. UN proper shipping name: 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE  
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2  
14.4. Packing group: Not applicable  
14.5. Environmental hazards: For further information see Section 12.  
14.6. Special precautions for user: Tunnel restriction code: (C/E)

**IATA_C**

14.1. UN number: 3159  
14.2. UN proper shipping name: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane  
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2.2  
14.4. Packing group: Not applicable  
14.5. Environmental hazards: For further information see Section 12.  
14.6. Special precautions for user: no data available

**IMDG**

14.1. UN number: 3159  
14.2. UN proper shipping name: 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE  
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2.2  
14.4. Packing group: Not applicable  
14.5. Environmental hazards: For further information see Section 12.  
14.6. Special precautions for user: no data available
no data available

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code
Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Other regulations: Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.
An Exposure Scenario (ES) is not required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-statements referred to under section 3.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE Acute toxicity estimate
CAS-No. Chemical Abstracts Service number
CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging
EC50 Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed
EN European Norm
EPA Environmental Protection Agency
ErC50 Concentration at which a 50% inhibition of growth rate is observed
EyC50 Concentration at which 50% inhibition of yield is observed
IATA_C International Air Transport Association (Cargo)
IBC International Bulk Chemical Code
ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization
ISO International Standard Organization
IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50 Median Lethal Concentration
LD50 Median Lethal Dose
LOEC Lowest Observed Effect Concentration
LOEL Lowest observed effect level
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.o.s. Not Otherwise Specified
NOAEC No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL No observed adverse effect level
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration
NOEL No Observed Effect Level
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OECD</td>
<td>Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPPTS</td>
<td>Office of Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PBT</td>
<td>Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>Short term exposure limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>Time Weighted Average (TWA):</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vPvB</td>
<td>very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Significant change from previous version is denoted with a double bar.

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