

Version 8.0 (replaces: Version 7.0) Revision Date 23.02.2016

Ref. 13000000349

This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of Great Britain and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	: Freon [™] 134a Refrigerant - Propellant
Registration number	: 01-2119459374-33-0002
Synonyms	: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane HFC-134a
Identification number	: CAS-No. 811-97-2 EC-No. 212-377-0
1.2. Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use of the Substance/Mixture	: Refrigerant, For professional and industrial installation and use only.
1.3. Details of the supplier of	he safety data sheet
Company	: Chemours Netherlands B.V. Baanhoekweg 22 NL-3313 LA Dordrecht Netherlands
Telephone	: +31-(0)-78-630-1011
Telefax	: +31-78-6163737
E-mail address	: sds-support@chemours.com
1.4. Emergency telephone nu	nber
Emergency telephone number	: +(44)-870-8200418 (CHEMTREC - Recommended)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the su	. Classification of the substance or mixture	
Gases under pressure, Liquefied gas	H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.	
2.2. Label elements		



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Warning

H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Special labelling of certain substances and mixtures	Contains: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane / Kyoto: Contains fluorinated greenhouse gas covered by the Kyoto Protocol.,HFC-134a,
P410 + P403	Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).

This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing.

Rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite.

Misuse or intentional inhalation abuse may cause death without warning symptoms, due to cardiac effects. May cause cardiac arrhythmia.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Registration number	Classification according to	Concentration
	Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP)	(% w/w)

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (CAS-No.811-97-2) (EC-No.212-377-0)

<u></u>		
01-2119459374-33-0002	Press. Gas Liquefied gas; H280	100 %

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

The above products are compliant to REACH registration obligations; Registration number(s) may not be provided because substance(s) are exempted, not yet registered under REACH or are registered under another regulatory process (biocide uses, plant protection products), etc.



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For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

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General advice	If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.
	: First aider needs to protect himself.
	: If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Inhalation	Remove from exposure, lie down. Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Consult a physician.
Skin contact	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Flush area with lukewarm water. Do not use hot water. If frostbite has occurred, call a physician.
Eye contact	Hold eyelids apart and flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Ingestion	Is not considered a potential route of exposure.
4.2. Most important sympto	ns and effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms	Inhalation of high concentration may cause central nervous system depression resulting in dizziness, weakness, nausea, headache and possibly unconsciousness., Anaesthetic effects, Light-headedness, Confusion, Incoordination, Drowsiness, irregular heartbeat with a strange sensation in the chest, heart thumping, apprehension, feeling of fainting, dizziness or weakness
	: Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms:, Frostbite
4.3. Indication of any imme	iate medical attention and special treatment needed
Treatment	: Do not give adrenaline or similar drugs.
CTION 5: Firefighting measur	
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment., Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
5.2. Special hazards arising	from the substance or mixture
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Specific hazards during firefighting	: Pressure build-up. Fire or intense heat may cause violent rupture of packages
	: Hazardous combustion products: : Hydrogen fluoride
	: Fluorinated compounds
	: Carbon oxides
	: Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	 In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment. Wear neoprene gloves during cleaning up work after a fire. Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment. Wear neoprene gloves during cleaning up work after a fire.
Further information	: Cool containers/tanks with water spray.
TION 6: Accidental release m	easures
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	otective equipment and emergency procedures
6.1. Personal precautions, pr	: Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed
	: Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed places where heavy vapours might collect. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Personal precautions	: Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed places where heavy vapours might collect. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Personal precautions 6.2. Environmental precaution	 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed places where heavy vapours might collect. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Personal precautions 6.2. Environmental precaution Environmental precautions	 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed places where heavy vapours might collect. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Should not be released into the environment.
Personal precautions 6.2. Environmental precaution Environmental precautions	 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed places where heavy vapours might collect. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Should not be released into the environment. In accordance with local and national regulations.
Personal precautions 6.2. Environmental precaution Environmental precautions 6.3. Methods and materials for	 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed places where heavy vapours might collect. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Should not be released into the environment. In accordance with local and national regulations. containment and cleaning up Evaporates.
Personal precautions 6.2. Environmental precaution Environmental precautions 6.3. Methods and materials for Methods for cleaning up	 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed places where heavy vapours might collect. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Should not be released into the environment. In accordance with local and national regulations. or containment and cleaning up Evaporates.
Personal precautions 6.2. Environmental precaution Environmental precautions 6.3. Methods and materials for Methods for cleaning up 6.4. Reference to other section	 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed places where heavy vapours might collect. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Should not be released into the environment. In accordance with local and national regulations. or containment and cleaning up Evaporates.
Personal precautions 6.2. Environmental precaution Environmental precautions 6.3. Methods and materials for Methods for cleaning up 6.4. Reference to other section	 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed places where heavy vapours might collect. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Should not be released into the environment. In accordance with local and national regulations. or containment and cleaning up Evaporates. ons ection 13.
Personal precautions 6.2. Environmental precaution Environmental precautions 6.3. Methods and materials for Methods for cleaning up 6.4. Reference to other section For disposal instructions see se	 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed places where heavy vapours might collect. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Should not be released into the environment. In accordance with local and national regulations. or containment and cleaning up Evaporates. etion 13.
Personal precautions 6.2. Environmental precaution Environmental precautions 6.3. Methods and materials for Methods for cleaning up 6.4. Reference to other section For disposal instructions see section	 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate area, especially low or enclosed places where heavy vapours might collect. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. should not be released into the environment. In accordance with local and national regulations. or containment and cleaning up Evaporates. ons ection 13.



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	8.			
Advice on protection against fire and explose	sion and flan	h pressure. Wh nmable. Certai		
7.2. Conditions for s	afe storage, in	cluding any i	ncompatibilities	
Requirements for stor areas and containers	a cl the clos Pro	heck valve or t cylinder. Keep sed in a dry, co	rap in the discharge line to pro- at temperature not exceedin ool and well-ventilated place. from damage. Keep away fro	apt to lift cylinder by its cap. Use event hazardous back flow into g 52°C. Keep containers tightly Protect from contamination. m direct sunlight. Store only in
Advice on common st		materials to be he safety data		Irther information see Section 10
Storage temperature	: <5	52 °C		
CTION 8: Exposure co 8.1. Control paramete If sub-section is empty	ers		e.	
Components with wor Type	kplace contro	l parameters Update	Regulatory basis	Remarks
Form of exposure	parameters	Opdate	Regulatory basis	Remarks
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroetha	ane (CAS-No. 3	811-97-2)		
Time Weighted Average	4,240 mg/m3 1,000 ppm	2007	UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure (WELs)	Limits
(TWA):	1,000 ppm			



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	Health Effect: Chronic effects, Systemic toxicity Value: 2476 mg/m3
Predicted No Effect Concentr	ation (PNEC)
• 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	: Value: 0.1 mg/l Compartment: Fresh water
	: Value: 0.01 mg/l Compartment: Marine water
	: Value: 1 mg/l Compartment: Water Remarks: Intermittent use/release
	: Value: 0.75 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.) Compartment: Fresh water sediment
	: Value: 73 mg/l Compartment: Water Remarks: Sewage treatment plants
8.2. Exposure controls	
Engineering measures	: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Eye protection	: Wear safety glasses or coverall chemical splash goggles. Eye protection complying with EN 166. or ANSI Z87.1 Additionally wear a face shield where the possibility exists for face contact due to splashing, spraying or airborne contact with this material.
Hand protection	: Material: Leather gloves The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.
	: Material: Low temperature resistant gloves
	: Protective gloves complying with EN 374. or US OSHA guidelines
	: The choice of an appropriate glove does not only depend on its material but als on other quality features and is different from one producer to the other. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger o cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective equipment. Wear as appropriate: Impervious clothing
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Protective measures	: When using do not smoke. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is required if a large release occurs.
	The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the substance at the specific workplace.
Hygiene measures	: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Respiratory protection	: For rescue and maintenance work in storage tanks use self-contained breathing apparatus. Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing.
	Respiratory protection complying with EN 137.
CTION 9: Physical and chemi	cal properties
9.1. Information on basic phy	vsical and chemical properties
Form	: Liquefied gas
Colour	: colourless
Odour	: slight, ether-like
Freezing point	: -108 °C at 1,013 hPa
Boiling point	: -26 °C at 1,013 hPa
Flammability (solid, gas)	: The product is not flammable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 743 °C at 1,013 hPa
Oxidizing properties	: The product is not oxidizing.
Vapour pressure	: 5,700 hPa at 20 °C
Relative density	: 4.24 at 20 °C
Water solubility	: 1 g/l at 25 °C
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: 1.06 at 25 °C
9.2. Other information	
Physchem./other information	: No other data to be specially mentioned.



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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	:	Decomposes on heating.
10.2. Chemical stability	:	The product is chemically stable.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	:	The product is not flammable in air under ambient conditions of temperature and pressure. When pressurised with air or oxygen, the mixture may become flammable. Certain mixtures of HCFCs or HFCs with chlorine may become flammable or reactive under certain conditions. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Keep at temperature not exceeding 52°C.
10.5. Incompatible materials	:	Alkali metals Alkaline earth metals Powdered metals Powdered metal salts
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	:	Hazardous thermal decomposition products may include: Hydrogen fluoride Carbon oxides Fluorocarbons Carbonyl fluoride

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute inhalation toxicity

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
 LC50 / 4 h Rat :> 567000 ppm

No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration / Dog :40000 ppm Cardiac sensitization

Low Observed Adverse Effect Concentration (LOAEC) / $\,$ Dog :80000 ppm Cardiac sensitization

Skin irritation

 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane Rabbit Classification: Not classified as irritant Result: No skin irritation

Eye irritation



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 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane Rabbit Classification: Not classified as irritant Result: No eye irritation

Sensitisation

 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane Guinea pig Classification: Does not cause skin sensitisation. Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Rat Classification: Does not cause respiratory sensitisation. Result: Does not cause respiratory sensitisation.

Repeated dose toxicity

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
 Inhalation Rat
 No toxicologically significant effects were found.

Mutagenicity assessment

 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects. Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity assessment

• 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Overall weight of evidence indicates that the substance is not carcinogenic.

Toxicity to reproduction assessment

 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane No toxicity to reproduction No effects on or via lactation Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity.

Assessment teratogenicity

• 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane Animal testing showed no developmental toxicity.

Further information

Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit : 312975 mg/m3 Avoid skin contact with leaking liquid (danger of frostbite). Inhalation of decomposition products in high concentration may cause shortness of breath (lung oedema).



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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity to fish

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
 LC50 / 96 h / Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout): 450 mg/l

Toxicity to aquatic plants

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
 ErC50 / 96 h / Algae: 142 mg/l
 Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

NOEC / 72 h / Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae): 13.2 mg/l Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
 EC50 / 48 h / Daphnia magna (Water flea): 980 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability

• 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane Not biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil

Koc: 37.26

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). / This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6. Other adverse effects

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Ozone depletion potential	
0	
0	
Global warming potential (GWP)	
1300	
Additional ecological informatic	on
IPCC - TAR (Third Assessme	nt Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change) - 2001
TION 13: Disposal consideration	15
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Draduat	Con he wood offer as conditioning
Product :	Can be used after re-conditioning. If re-conditioning is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging :	Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier.
	If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations
TION 14: Transport information	
ADR	
14.1. UN number:	
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE 2
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):14.4. Packing group:	Z Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards:	For further information see Section 12.
14.6. Special precautions for use	
Tunnel restriction code:	(C/E)
IATA_C	
14.1. UN number:	3159
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	
14.4. Packing group:	Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards :	For further information see Section 12.
14.6. Special precautions for use no data available	r:
IMDG	
14.1. UN number:	3159
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	
14.4. Packing group:	Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards :	For further information see Section 12.
14.6. Special precautions for use	



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no data availat	ble
14.7. Transport in to Not applicable	oulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code
TION 15: Regulatory	y information
15.1. Safety, health	and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Other regulations	: Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.
15.2. Chemical Safe	ety Assessment
A Chemical Safety A	ssessment has been carried out for this substance.
	io (ES) is not required.
TION 16: Other info	rmation
Full taxt of U States	nente referred te under costien 2
Full text of H-Staten	nents referred to under section 3.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
11200	
Abbreviations and a	
	acronyms
Abbreviations and a	acronyms European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods b
ADR	acronyms European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods b Road
ADR ATE	acronyms European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods b Road Acute toxicity estimate
ADR ATE CAS-No.	acronyms European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods b Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP	acronyms European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP	acronyms European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50 EC50 EN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed Median effective concentration European Norm
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50 EC50 EN EPA	Acronyms European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed Median effective concentration European Norm Environmental Protection Agency
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50 EC50 EN EPA ErC50	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed Median effective concentration European Norm Environmental Protection Agency Concentration at which a 50% inhibition of growth rate is observed
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50 EC50 EN EPA ErC50 EyC50	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed Median effective concentration European Norm Environmental Protection Agency Concentration at which a 50% inhibition of growth rate is observed Concentration at which 50% inhibition of yield is observed
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50 EC50 EN EPA ErC50 EyC50 IATA_C	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed Median effective concentration European Norm Environmental Protection Agency Concentration at which a 50% inhibition of growth rate is observed Concentration at which 50% inhibition of yield is observed International Air Transport Association (Cargo)
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50 EC50 EN EPA ErC50 EyC50 IATA_C IBC	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed Median effective concentration European Norm Environmental Protection Agency Concentration at which a 50% inhibition of growth rate is observed Concentration at which 50% inhibition of yield is observed International Air Transport Association (Cargo) International Bulk Chemical Code
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50 EC50 EC50 EN EPA ErC50 EyC50 IATA_C IBC ICAO	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed Median effective concentration European Norm Environmental Protection Agency Concentration at which a 50% inhibition of growth rate is observed Concentration at which 50% inhibition of yield is observed International Air Transport Association (Cargo) International Bulk Chemical Code International Civil Aviation Organization
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50 EC50 EN EPA ErC50 EyC50 IATA_C IBC	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed Median effective concentration European Norm Environmental Protection Agency Concentration at which a 50% inhibition of growth rate is observed Concentration at which 50% inhibition of yield is observed International Air Transport Association (Cargo) International Bulk Chemical Code
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50 EC50 EC50 EN EPA ErC50 EyC50 IATA_C IBC ICAO	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed Median effective concentration European Norm Environmental Protection Agency Concentration at which a 50% inhibition of growth rate is observed Concentration at which a 50% inhibition of yield is observed International Air Transport Association (Cargo) International Bulk Chemical Code International Civil Aviation Organization International Standard Organization
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50 EC50 EN EPA ErC50 EyC50 IATA_C IBC ICAO ISO IMDG	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed Median effective concentration European Norm Environmental Protection Agency Concentration at which a 50% inhibition of growth rate is observed Concentration at which 50 % inhibition of yield is observed International Air Transport Association (Cargo) International Bulk Chemical Code International Standard Organization International Standard Organization International Maritime Dangerous Goods
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50 EC50 EN EPA ErC50 EyC50 IATA_C IBC ICAO ISO IMDG LC50	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed Median effective concentration European Norm Environmental Protection Agency Concentration at which a 50% inhibition of growth rate is observed Concentration at which a 50% inhibition of yield is observed International Air Transport Association (Cargo) International Bulk Chemical Code International Standard Organization International Maritime Dangerous Goods Median Lethal Concentration
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50 EC50 EN EPA ErC50 EyC50 IATA_C IBC ICAO ISO IMDG LC50 LD50	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed Median effective concentration European Norm Environmental Protection Agency Concentration at which a 50% inhibition of growth rate is observed Concentration at which a 50% inhibition of yield is observed International Air Transport Association (Cargo) International Bulk Chemical Code International Standard Organization International Maritime Dangerous Goods Median Lethal Concentration Median Lethal Dose
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50 EC50 EN EPA ErC50 EyC50 IATA_C IBC ICAO ISO IMDG LC50 LD50 LOEC	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed Median effective concentration European Norm Environmental Protection Agency Concentration at which a 50% inhibition of growth rate is observed Concentration at which 50 % inhibition of yield is observed International Air Transport Association (Cargo) International Bulk Chemical Code International Standard Organization International Maritime Dangerous Goods Median Lethal Concentration Median Lethal Dose Lowest Observed Effect Concentration
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50 EC50 EN EPA ErC50 EyC50 IATA_C IBC ICAO ISO IMDG LC50 LD50 LOEC LOEL	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed Median effective concentration European Norm Environmental Protection Agency Concentration at which a 50% inhibition of growth rate is observed Concentration at which 50 % inhibition of growth rate is observed International Air Transport Association (Cargo) International Bulk Chemical Code International Bulk Chemical Code International Standard Organization International Maritime Dangerous Goods Median Lethal Concentration Median Lethal Dose Lowest Observed Effect Concentration Lowest observed effect level
ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50 EC50 EN EPA ErC50 EyC50 IATA_C IBC ICAO ISO IMDG LC50 LD50 LOEC LOEL MARPOL	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed Median effective concentration European Norm Environmental Protection Agency Concentration at which a 50% inhibition of growth rate is observed Concentration at which 50 % inhibition of growth rate is observed Concentration at which 50 % inhibition of yield is observed International Air Transport Association (Cargo) International Bulk Chemical Code International Bulk Chemical Code International Standard Organization International Maritime Dangerous Goods Median Lethal Concentration Median Lethal Dose Lowest Observed Effect Concentration Lowest observed Effect level International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
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ADR ATE CAS-No. CLP EbC50 EC50 EN EPA ErC50 EyC50 IATA_C IBC ICAO ISO IMDG LC50 LD50 LOEC LOEL MARPOL n.o.s. NOAEC	acronyms European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods to Road Acute toxicity estimate Chemical Abstracts Service number Classification, Labelling and Packaging Concentration at which 50% reduction of biomass is observed Median effective concentration European Norm Environmental Protection Agency Concentration at which 50% inhibition of growth rate is observed Concentration at which 50% inhibition of yield is observed International Air Transport Association (Cargo) International Bulk Chemical Code International Standard Organization International Maritime Dangerous Goods Median Lethal Concentration Lowest Observed Effect Concentration Lowest Observed effect level International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships Not Otherwise Specified No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
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OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OPPTS	Office of Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
STEL	Short term exposure limit
TWA	Time Weighted Average (TWA):
vPvB	very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Further information

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